

Best practices

Clean and green

1. The Earth has provided us with numerous gifts, including sunlight, air, water, soil, minerals, plants, wildlife, and so on.
2. We must keep our environment and nature clean at all times. Diseases, as well as toxic viruses and germs, are caused by a polluted environment.
3. A clean environment is critical for keeping us healthy.
4. The clean and green ecosystem provides us with fresh air and pollution is also reduced. We can save the planet by conserving trees, natural vegetation, water, natural resources, electricity, and other resources



5. To control environmental pollution and global warming, we must strictly adhere to all available measures.
6. Everyone should plant more trees in their neighbourhoods to help reduce pollution and the effects of global warming. Today, a clean and green environment is a basic requirement.
7. Environmental pollution in the form of air, water, and land pollution has hurt life. The air quality is unbreathable, the water is undrinkable, and the land is contaminated, resulting in a slew of diseases.
8. Pollution must be addressed and reversed if the planet is to survive. A healthy life is only possible if the basic requirement of clean air and land is met. A clean and green environment implies a lack of pollution and a higher standard of living.



Vermi compost

1. Vermicomposting has gained popularity in both industrial and domestic settings because, as compared with conventional composting, it provides a way to treat organic wastes more quickly.
2. In manure composting, it also generates products that have lower levels.
3. The earthworm species (or composting worms) most often used are red wigglers though European nightcrawlers, synonym *Dendrobaena veneta*) and red earthworm could also be used.
4. Red wigglers are recommended by most vermicomposting experts, as they have some of the best appetites and breed very quickly.
5. Users refer to European nightcrawlers by a variety of other names, including *dendrobaenas*, *dendras*, Dutch nightcrawlers, and Belgian nightcrawlers.
6. Containing water-soluble nutrients, vermicompost is a nutrient-rich and soil conditioner in a form that is relatively easy for plants to absorb.
7. Worm castings are sometimes used as an organic fertilizer.
8. Because the earthworms grind and uniformly mix minerals in simple forms, plants need only minimal effort to obtain them.
9. The worms' digestive systems create environments that allow certain species of to thrive to help create a "living" soil environment for plants.
10. The fraction of soil which has gone through the digestive tract of earthworms is called the drilosphere.



